

Central Mass. Mosquito Control Project Weekly Report- 7/27/14-8/2/14 EPI Week #31

Target Species	Ae. vex	Cq. per	Cs. mel	Oc. can	Culex	All Species
No. Pools	2	58	32	34	506	883
Total Specimens	2	3915	171	308	9082	14953
No. Pools WNV +	0	0	0	0	1†	1†
No. Pools EEE +	0	0	0	0	0	0

Cumulative Surveillance Summary

[†]Pool of WNV+ *Culex* Species collected in Clinton on 7/3/13

Weather Summary (Northborough, MA): The weather for this particular week averaged 69.63°F with a recorded high temperature of 84.3°F and a recorded low temperature of only 54.7°F. For this week there was also a total of 1.23 inches of rain observed. Compared to the previous week, it was approximately 2.8°F cooler on average, and rained about 1.16 inches more. There has been 3.26 inches of rain accumulated in July, while the total rainfall for the month of June was 1.46 inches.

Service Request Summary: For the year we have received 67% more requests than average; 12,399 requests to date compared to the 11 year average of 7,424. Requests were 22% more than the 2013 totals for the same time frame, 10,164 in 2013 against 12,399 in 2014. Service requests dropped (32%) from EPI week 30 to Epi week 31 for 2014 (706 vs. 533).

Target Species		∆ From	Δ From	Predominant Trap Site(s)				
	l	₋ast Week	Last Year					
	Aedes vexans	+100.0%	-50.00%	Webster				
	Coquillettidia perturbans	+88.45%	+118.8%	Webster, Leominster				
	Culiseta melanura	+385.7%	+126.7%	Tewksbury				
	Ochlerotatus canadensis	+60.00%	-61.90%	Webster				
	Culex Species	+52.17%	+141.4%	Sherborn, Milford				
	All Species	+85.30%	+88.77%	Webster, Leominster				

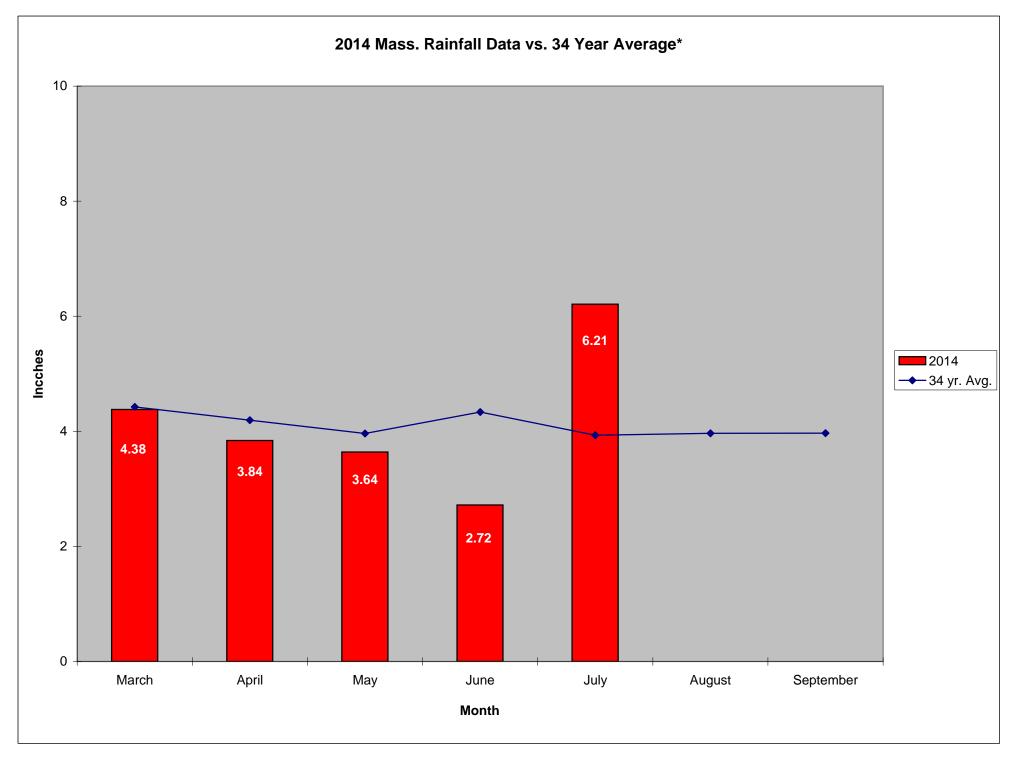
CMMCP Mosquito Summary*-

The predominant mosquito for the week was *Culex*, followed by *Coquillettidia perturbans*.

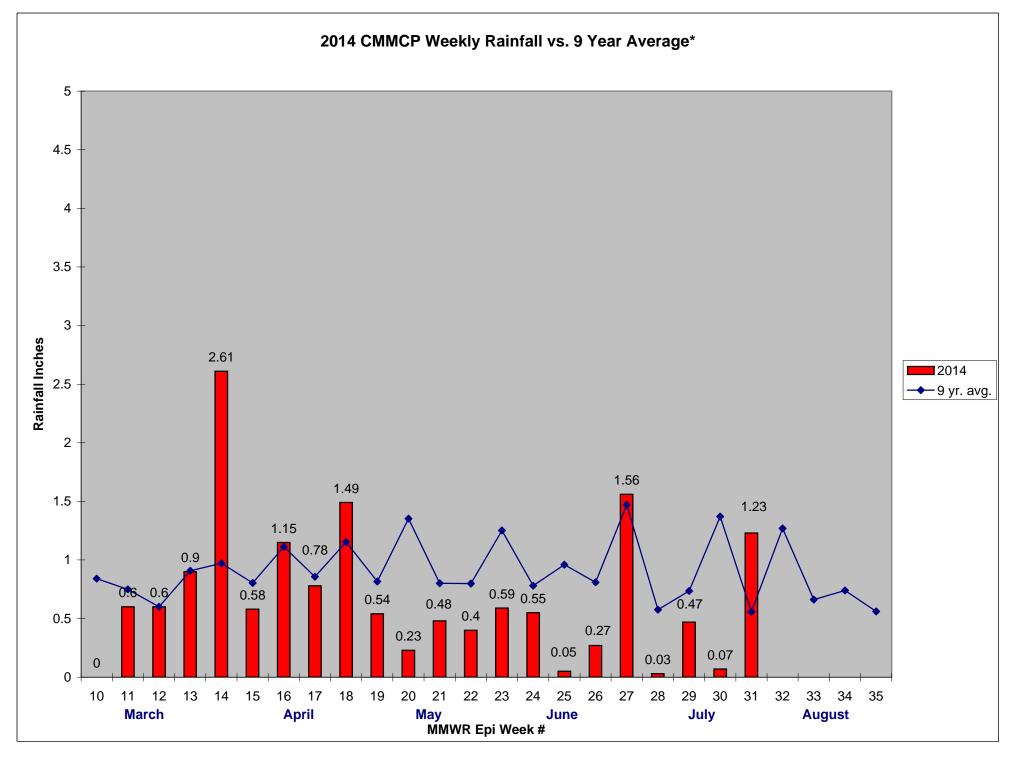
General narrative:

There was a decrease in temperature during EPI week 31, as well as a significant increase in rainfall. This week was approximately three degrees cooler on average with almost an inch and a quarter of rain observed. All target species, *Aedes vexans*, *Coquillettidia perturbans, Culiseta melanura, Culex*, and *Ochlerotatus canadensis*,

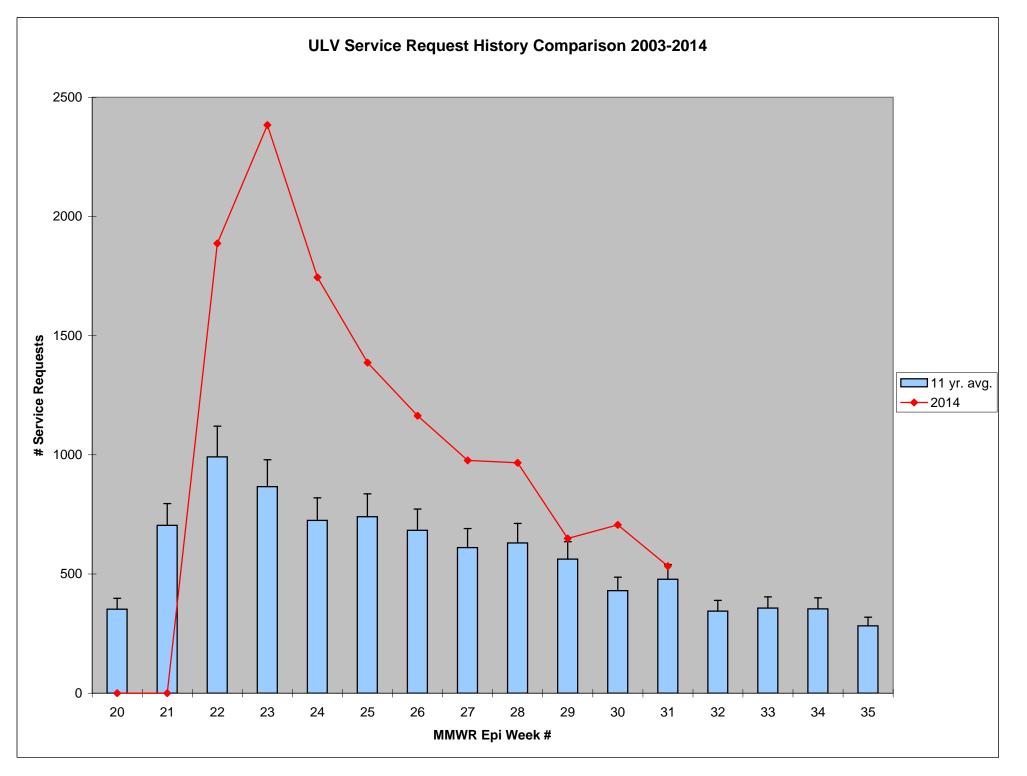
experienced increases at the historical trap sites during this period. The single *Ae. vexans* specimen collected this week was the season's first at these particular sites. The additional *Cq. perturbans* collected this week caused the overall collection numbers at the historical sites to significantly increase. Of our target species, only *Ae.vexans* and *Oc. canadensis* are present in lower levels than during the 2013 EPI week 31. At the historical CDC trap locations, *Cq. perturbans* was again the principal species followed by *Culex*, but when all trap types are taken into consideration, these two switch predominance. The significant rains this week may lead to more floodwater species, such as *Ae.vexans*, over the next couple of weeks.



*Source: Northeast Regional Climate Center: http://www.nrcc.cornell.edu/page_summaries.html



*Source: CMMCP Weather Station - Northborough, MA



Error bars show approx. number of requests if we had 40 cities and towns over the 10 year average

